



AS A VOICE TO ISRAEL.

VOLUME I.

SAN FRANCISCO. FRIDAY, JULY 17, 5617, (1857.)

NUMBER 27

The Weekly Gleaner,

A PERIODICAL, DEVOTED TO
RELIGION, EDUCATION, BIBLICAL AND
JEWISH ANTIQUITIES, LITERATURE
AND GENERAL NEWS.

JULIUS ECKMAN, D.D.,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE 133 CLAY STREET.

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CONTENTS OF THIS NUMBER.

HISTORY.
Caspar Hauser.
PHYSIOLOGY.
Pure Air. Ventilation. Cider.
The Vime.
NEWS.
Posen. Eschwegen.
SYNAGOGUES.
Multiplicity of. Cause of.
POETRY.
To him who understands it. Lives by a Little
Girl.
SACRED TOPOGRAPHY.
Mount Sinai.
THE FAMILY.
Female Pursuits. The Perfect Wife. Vanity
and Affectation.
JUVENILE.
The Boy and his Shadow. Good Boys make
Good Men. Books of the Bible.

To Our Subscribers and Agents.

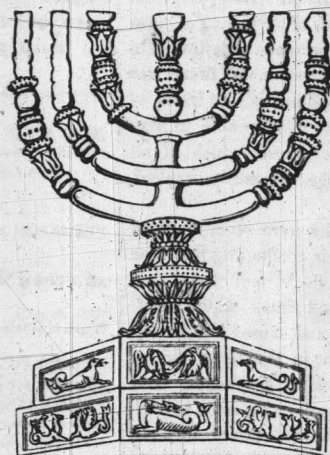
PAYMENTS.
Our subscribers and recipients of GLEANER,
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Notice.

Subscribers who receive THE GLEANER
through the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., are
apprised that all copies sent through that chan-
nel are prepaid here; consequently there is
nothing to be paid on them, whether they have
the stamp of the office or not.

MARRIED.

In this city, July 22d, Mr. Isaac Mitchell
of Oregon City, to Miss Hannah Levy, of San
Francisco.



THE GOLDEN CANDLESTICK,

COPIED FROM THE TRIUMPHANT ARCH OF TITUS IN ROME.

SACRED TOPOGRAPHY.

Mount Sinai.

CONTINUED FROM P. 207.

Arabs of Sinai.

DWELLERS OF HIGH ROCKS—FAITHFUL TOWARD
EACH OTHER—FRATERNAL LOVE—GOVERN-
MENT—PUBLIC OPINION—MATRIMONY.

The manners and customs of this remarkable
race are, in general, highly interesting. No
people on the whole globe affords a more strik-
ing instance of primeval simplicity and sta-
bility of manners, than the Arabs. Their
domestic habits at once give us a picture of
the domestic state of affairs of the post delu-
vian ages. Though among all nations they
have wandered farthest over the globe, yet, in
all their wanderings they have preserved their
language, manners and peculiar customs, more
perfectly than any other race; these facts af-
ford us so many points of illustration of scrip-
ture of considerable moment. But we at this
time, will confine ourselves to those tribes who
inhabit the Sinai, in whom the Arabian life of
the whole tribe, is in a measure represented.
They are one of the most interesting sub-
jects. They live an easy, happy life, do not
wear themselves out by cares and anxiety to
senseless demands of vanity and luxury. They
are full of glee and animation, though very
poor. We quote the author of Incidents and
Travels.

We were moving along a broad valley, bound-
ed by ranges of lofty and crumbling mountains,
forming an immense rocky rampart on each side
of us; and rocky and barren as these moun-
tains seemed, on their tops were gardens which
produced oranges, dates, and figs in great abun-
dant. Here on heights almost inaccessible to
any but the children of the desert, the Bedouin
pitches his tent, pastures his sheep and goats,
and gains the slender subsistence necessary for
himself and family; and often, looking up the
bare side of the mountain, we could see on its
summit's edge the wild figure of a half-naked
Arab, with his long matchlock gun in his hand,
watching the movement of our little caravan.
Sometimes, too, the eye rested upon the form
of a woman stealing across the valley, not a
traveller or a passer-by, but a dweller in the
land where no smoke curled from the domestic
hearth, and no sign of habitation was percepti-
ble. There was something very interesting to
me in the greetings of my companions with the
other young men of their tribe. They were
just returning from a journey to Cairo, an event
in the life of a young Bedouin; and they were
bringing a stranger from a land that none of
them had ever heard of; yet their greeting
had the coldness of frosty age and the reserve
of strangers; twice they would gently touch the
palms of each other's hands, mutter a few words,
and in moment the newcomers were again climb-
ing to their tents. One, I remember, greeted

us more warmly and stayed longer among us.
He was by profession a beggar or robber, as
occasion required, and wanted something from
us, but it was not much; merely some bread and
a charge of powder. Not far from the track
we saw, hanging on a thorn bush, the black
cloth of a Bedouin's tent, with the pole, ropes,
pegs, and everything necessary to convert it
into a habitation for a family. It had been
there six months; the owner had gone to a
new pasture-ground, and there it had hung, and
there it would hang, sacred and untouched, until
he returned to claim it. "It belongs to one of
our tribe, and cursed be the hand that touches
it," is the feeling of every Bedouin. Uncoun-
ted gold might be exposed in the same way;
and the poorest Bedouin, though a robber by
birth and profession, would pass by and touch
it not.

On the very summit of the mountain, appar-
ently ensconced behind it as a wall, his body
not more than half visible, a Bedouin was look-
ing down upon us; and one of my party, who
had long kept his face turned that way, told me
that there was the tent of his father. I talked
with him about his kindred and mountain home,
not expecting, however to discover, anything of
extraordinary interest or novelty. The sons of
Ishmael have ever been the same, inhabitants
of the desert, despising the dwellers under a
roof, wanderers and wild men from their birth,
with their hands against every man, and every
man's hand against them. "There is blood be-
tween us," says the Bedouin when he meets in
the desert one of a tribe, by some individual of
which an ancestor of his own was killed, per-
haps a hundred years before. And then they
draw their swords, and a new account of blood
is opened, to be handed down as a legacy to
their children. "Thy aunt wants thy purse,"
says the Bedouin when he meets the stranger
travelling through his wild domain. "The des-
ert is ours, and every man who passes over it
must pay us a tribute." These principal and
distinguishing traits of the Bedouin character
have long been known; but as I had now been
with them ten days, and expected to be with
them a month longer, to see them in their tents,
and be thrown among different tribes, claiming
friendship from those who were enemies to each
other, I was curious to know something of the
lighter shades, the details of their lives and
habits; and I listened with exceeding interest
while the young Bedouin, with his eyes con-
stantly fixed upon it, told me that for more
than four hundred years the tent of his father
had been in that mountain. Wild and unset-
tled, robbers and plunderers as they are, they

CONTINUED ON P. 216.

BIOGRAPHY.

Caspar Hauser.

The following sketch of this extraordinary and ill-fated youth, is extracted from an account given of him by Anselm Von Feuerbach, President of one of the Bavarian courts of appeal—translated by H. G. Linberg.

[CONTINUED FROM P. 209.]

THE STARRY HEAVEN—EXCELLENT HORSEMANSHIP—HIS ACUTENESS OF SENSE—EXTRAORDINARY POWER OF VISION, SEES IN THE DARK—HIS EXTRAORDINARY POWERS OF HEARING AND SMELLING.

Of the beauties of nature, for a long time he had no idea; nor did they seem otherwise to interest him than merely to excite his curiosity to know who made such and such things. Yet there was one view presented to him, which formed a remarkable exception to the truth of this observation, and which ought to be regarded as an important and never-to-be-forgotten incident in the gradual development of his intellectual faculties. It was on a fine summer evening in the month of August, 1829, that his instructor showed him, for the first time, the starry heavens. His astonishment and transport at the sight, transcended all bounds, and surpassed description. He could not be satisfied with looking and gazing at the sublime spectacle: at the same time he fixed accurately with his eye, the different groups of stars that were pointed out to him, noticed those most distinguished for their brightness, and remarked the difference in their respective colors. "This," he exclaimed, "is, indeed, the most beautiful and magnificent sight I have ever beheld in the world. But who placed all those beautiful candles there? who lights them? who puts them out?" were the interrogatories which burst from his enraptured soul. When he was informed, that, like the sun, with which he had been for some time acquainted, they always remain there to give light by night, he was still not satisfied, but eagerly demanded again, who had made and hung them up on high, that they might thus illumine that spacious vault;—for, as yet, he had not formed a just idea of that Being who made all things, who "rules the heavenly host," and "calls the stars by name." At length, after standing motionless for some time, he fell into a train of profound meditation. On recovering from this reverie, his transport was succeeded by deep sadness. He sunk pale and trembling up on a chair, and asked, "why that wicked man who had kept him in solitary confinement had kept him always locked up—him who had never done any harm—and had never shown him any of these beautiful things."

Caspar was soon after put under care of a riding-master; in which situation, in the delightful and noble accomplishment of horsemanship, he soon greatly excelled. But besides his extraordinary equestrian talents, the striking peculiarity, the almost preternatural acuteness, and intensity of his perceptions, as evinced in the power of his senses, appeared so remarkable and wonderful in him as to elicit the admiration and astonishment of all.

As to his sight, there existed, in respect to him, no twilight, no night, no darkness. Having lived all his days in the dark, his eyes could discern objects in the dark as in full daylight. He reveled continually in an ocean of light. One unclouded day shone perpetually on his visual orb. He often looked with astonishment upon others who were compelled to grope their way in the dark, or to use a candle or lantern. In twilight, however, he could see far better than in broad daylight. Thus, after sunset, he once read the number of a house at the distance of one hundred and eighty paces, which, in daylight he was not able to distinguish so far off. Towards the close of twilight, he once pointed out to his instructor, a gnat that was hanging in a spider's web very distant. At a distance of sixty paces, he could distinguish, in the dark, elder-berries from black currants. In a totally dark night, he could distin-

guish from each other, the different dark colors, such as blue and green. When, at the commencement of twilight, a common eye could not perceive more than three or four stars in the sky, he could discern the different groups, and distinguish, from each other, the several single stars of which the groups were composed, according to their magnitudes, and the peculiarities of their colored light. In distinguishing objects near by, his sight was as sharp as it was penetrating in discerning them at a distance. In anatomizing plants, he often noticed subtle distinctions and delicate particles which had entirely escaped the observation of others.

But no less wonderful was the acuteness of his hearing. When taking a walk in the fields, he once heard, at a distance comparatively very great, the footsteps of several persons, and was able to distinguish them from each other by their tread.

Of all his senses, however, that which proved the most extraordinary, and which gave him so many disagreeable and painful sensations, as frequently to make him miserable, was the sense of smelling. What to ordinary olfactories, is entirely scentless, was by no means so to him. The most delightful and delicate odors of flowers, such, for instance, as those imparted by the rose, were perceived by him as insupportable stench, which painfully affected his nerves. What announces itself to others by its smell only when near, was scented by him at a great distance. Excepting the smell of bread, of fennel, of anise, and of caraway to which he had become accustomed in his prison, (for there it appears, his bread was seasoned with these condiments,) all kinds of smells were more or less disagreeable to him: so much so, that, when asked, which of all smells he liked best, he piquantly replied, "none at all."

His walks and his rides were often rendered very unpleasant by their conducting him near flower gardens, tobacco fields, nut trees, and other ordinary shrubs and plants, which effected his olfactory nerves, and caused him to pay dearly for his recreations in the open air, by their inflicting upon him headaches, cold sweats, and attacks of fever. Tobacco in blossom he could smell at the distance of fifty paces; and that hung up to dry, one hundred paces off. He could distinguish apple, pear and plum trees from each other at a considerable distance by the smell of their leaves. The different coloring materials used in painting and dying, and even the ink and pencil with which he wrote—in short, all things around him wafted odors to his nostrils which were either unpleasant or painful to him. The smell of old cheese sickened him. The smell of vinegar, though it stood at some distance from him, would bring tears into his eyes. The smell of champagne and other wines, would produce a heat in his head, and make him ill; but of all smells the most horrible to him, was that of fresh meat.

In the autumn of 1828, when Caspar was walking with professor Daumer, near St. John's churchyard, the smell of the dead bodies in their graves, of which the professor had not the slightest perception, effected him so powerfully that he was immediately seized with an ague. This was soon succeeded by a intense, feverish heat, which at length broke out into a most profuse perspiration. After the profuse sweats had subsided, he felt better, but complained that his sight had been obscured by this severe attack. Similar effects were once experienced by him after walking for some time near a tobacco field.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

EXCHARGE.—The Congregation of Exchange consecrated lately a spot for a burial ground. The old one is supposed as monuments show, to have been in use about 1500 years, but the distance from the city and other inconveniences determined the people to make this change at last.

FANCY GOODS.



A. KOHLER
178 Washington St. (& 276 Stockton St.)
SAN FRANCISCO
DIRECT IMPORTER
of
Musical Instruments
Genuine
ITALIAN & ROMAN
STRINGS
SHEET MUSIC - MUSIC BOOKS
FANCY GOODS & TOYS

Order for the above, by the case or otherwise filled promptly, and at the lowest prices.

A. KOHLER'S
STOCK OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Probably exceeds the sum total of all other similar stocks in California. Consequently he must and will sell

CHEAP.
THE GOODS MUST BE
SOLD
AND ROOM MADE FOR THAT IMMENSE
STOCK,

Which is now on the way from France and Germany.

PIANO FORTES—From different Manufacturers, and warranted perfect in every particular.

BRASS INSTRUMENTS—French and German, from the best makers.

VIOLINS—French, German and Italian, at prices varying from 75 cents to \$50 each, with or without bows and cases.

GUITARS—With paper or wooden cases, if required prices greatly reduced.

Banjos, Flutes, Tamborines, Clarionets, Fifes, &c. A large assortment, and every quality, varying from the cheapest to the very best—He is thereby enabled to suit every customer and market.

ADELSDORFER BROTHERS
IMPORTERS OF
FANCY GOODS,
CUTLERY, PLAYING CARDS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c.

No. 2 Custom House Block,
Corner of Sansome and Sacramento streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

ADELSDORFER BROTHERS receive regular shipments of FANCY GOODS, from Europe and New York, and sell at the very lowest prices.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
Hosiery, Accordions, Perfumery, Playing Cards, Looking Glasses, Combs, Brushes, Porte Monnaies, &c. Together with a complete assortment of Yankee Notions.

M. LOUISON & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
German, French, English,
AND

AMERICAN FANCY GOODS,
Looking Glasses, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, Accordions, Cutlery, Hosiery, Playing Cards, etc.,
No. 81 Battery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

M. ELGUTTER,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FANCY DRY GOODS,
No. 5, Custom House Block, Sacramento street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

WILLIAM MEYER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
—AND—
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
174 CLAY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEA BATHS! SEA BATHS!
STEAM AND SULPHUR BATHS.

WARM AND COLD SEA BATHS, SWIMMING BATHS, and all kinds of MINERAL AND ARTIFICIAL BATHS for the lungs and many other diseases,

ON MEIGGS' WHARF.

The first and only Sea Bathing establishment on the Pacific Ocean, where every convenience is found in the latest style, for the accommodation of bathers and invalids.

There is also attached a Warm Sea Bath for Ladies of the Hebrew faith, where they can bathe according to their religion, and which is connected with the sea.

This institution has now been in operation one year, and it has not only satisfied the expectations of the public, but has far exceeded the anticipations of the proprietor. The throng of sufferers and bathers has increased daily, and in consequence the bathing facilities have been extended and enlarged, and several important improvements have been made. Each bather has a separate room, where he can be properly cooled and rested.

The use of the Sea Baths is not a palliative, but a positive remedy. It takes the disease at the root and eradicates it effectually. Hundreds of patients who have used these baths according to the proper directions have been healed; and some diseases that have baffled all other remedies, have been cured by the use of these baths in a short time.

Every kind of malady can be cured by these baths, and it is unnecessary to enumerate them here.

In connection with the Bathing Establishment is a HOTEL, containing a great many rooms elegantly fitted up for patients and bathers, and where they can lodge and receive medical aid and attendance. Merchants and Miners who visit San Francisco, either for business or on account of sickness, should not fail to go to the

Sea Bath Hotel,
Before they fall into the hands of the many quacks that abound in San Francisco.

Ladies and Gentlemen patronizing my establishment will find neatly furnished parlors, where every attention will be paid; and to bathers the utmost care will be rendered by polite female and male servants. These baths, in connection with the Sea-Water Douche will perform wonders; and as the price for their use, and lodgings at the hotel, is only from \$2.50 to \$5 per day, its benefits and blessings are alike accessible to the poor as well as the rich.

To convince the people of California that there is no humbuggery about the institution, I will append one of my cards of thanks that have been sent to me:

SAN FRANCISCO, 10th Nov. 1856.

I here publicly state that I was afflicted for many months with severe bodily pains, from which I had no rest by day or by night. I consulted several eminent physicians in this city, but none could help me. I lost all my flesh, and looked like a skeleton. My husband thought it necessary to send me on to New York to try a cure. In this perplexity, I called on Dr. Bruns, who ordered me to take medicine four times, and try the sea baths, which soon restored me to health and vigor. I thank the Almighty that he has sent me to Dr. Bruns, under whose care I became healthy and strong. I consider it my duty thus publicly to make known my case, to let all sufferers know that Dr. Bruns is the man to relieve them of their bodily pain and to restore them to health.

MRS. GROSSMAN.
MAX GROSSMAN.

Every three minutes the omnibuses arrive at the establishment, from the centre and from the extreme part of the city.

DR. C. BRUNS,
je12-tf Meiggs' Wharf, North Beach.

DR. B. ROGERS,
CHIROPODIST,

Has the honor to inform the Public that he extracts, by a novel procedure, Corns, Bunions, Nails that have entered the flesh, etc. without any cutting, and without pain. The operation is done in a few minutes, and there is no fear of their reappearance.

By his novel procedure, Dr. Rogers has succeeded in curing a great number of persons who have suffered, for many years, from inflammation of the feet, which had occasioned them insupportable pain, and who immediately after the operation have been able to walk with the greatest facility, and even in tight shoes.

Dr. Rogers can be Consulted Daily at his Residence,

No. 148 Montgomery Street, 2d Floor,
Between Clay and Merchant streets.

He visits persons at their domicile, if required.
Dr. Rogers' Charges are
For attending on a person's feet, for one month, \$5.00
For Three Months, \$15.00
may be

To Him who can best Understand It.

He who has left his youthful bride
And children young and fair,
To float on fortune's doubtful tide,
Borne on he knows not where,
The lines perchance may coldly spurn
That asks the wanderer's return.

Yet, oh! the unwilling heart forgive
That dares to trouble thine,
I would not seek to make thee grieve
But for these babes of mine;
These treasures sent us from from above
The pledges of our mutual love.

For them I plead—I speak not now
Of what my lot hath been;
Nor how for thee I left my home
And each familiar scene,
And sought the distant hills of A—
For sweet with thee were even they.

I hailed the mountain's proudest swell,
The forest's darkest pride,
The beaten rock, the rugged dell,
For thou wert by my side,
And earth's worst wilderness is dear,
Is fair, when those we love are near.

But thou hast left thy dark-eyed boys,
In distant paths to roam;
A gambler's life for thee has joys,
But not, alas! thy home:
Thy children weep amid their play,
And I am far more lone than they.

Our babes for very want of bread
Have been compelled to roam,
And now on public bounty fed,
Find a precarious home,
While he who should their guardian be
Has left them to their misery.

My boy, the eldest and the first,
The image of his sire,
Will into tears of sorrow burst,
And thus of me inquire—
"Mother! dear mother! tell me when
My father will come back again."

Yet go, thou false deserter, go!
And if some happier dame
Has kindled in thy breast the glow
Of love's deceitful flame,
Oh, hear me! fairer she may be,
But she will never love like me.

And oh, vouchsafe one little line,
If to confirm my wo,
That I may to my fate resign
When all its ill I know,
And leave me not without a word,
To fade and die with hope deferred.

Then leave to penury's bitter crust,
Thy lone deserted spouse,
To mourn o'er woman's broken trust
And man's deceitful vows,
May'st thou ne'er know the smallest part
Of that which wrings a broken heart!

A. P. H.

[PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.]
Communicated.

(For the Weekly Gleaner.)

Ma. Editor:—Finding occasionally in your
worthy sheet, short communications from the
interior, to which you freely give space, I will
drop you a few lines, and hope they will find
insertion, provided you find them of interest
to your readers.

If it is still in your memory, you undoubtedly
know that our brethren in this vicinity, con-
cluded last year to erect a Synagogue in Jack-
son. The last meeting of the Congregation
was held the 18th instant, when it was finally
resolved to commence its erection soon; di-
mensions and style were agreed upon, and,
not desiring to incur any debts, it was conclu-
ded to erect a frame building, twenty-six feet
front, by fifty feet deep, and sixteen feet high,
which will probably have an arched ceiling.
The inside fixtures will not be very expensive,
yet they will be tastefully finished. It will be
placed entirely out of danger from fire, and

not very distant from the burying ground be-
longing to the Congregation.

It will, if I am not mistaken, be the first
Synagogue erected in a mining place, and
though the use for such is but a few days in
the year in the country, yet it is to be hoped
that other localities will also endeavor to give
permanency to our faith in this country; and I
have no doubt but that every true member will
willingly lend an assisting hand to any enter-
prise that will aid in improving our religious
state, if not above, at least to an equal with
others. And since California is no longer con-
sidered a temporary home, which is evinced by
the constant arrival of Jewish families, I can
see no cause why a large mining district cannot
as well afford a structure, even for the few
days we are celebrating, as well as small set-
tlements, with few inhabitants, can have their
church. It would undoubtedly improve the
religious and moral state, increase sociability,
and, in short, would bring the "Sons of Israel,"
scattered as they are in this State, to a
closer unity, one which should exist among
Jehoodism.

If I am not transgressing upon your limited
sheet, allow me in behalf of the Jackson con-
gregation to hereby tender our best thanks to
all our friends, who favored us with their lib-
eral donations. I can assure them their gifts
are usefully and carefully expended, and if
they should ever require our support in simi-
lar circumstances, we shall consider it as a du-
ty to extend them liberal aid, should it even
benefit those in their midst, who rather than
support it avoided our request.

Yours, &c., M. R.

Fiddletown, June 29th, 1857.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Loan of \$2000.

THE SUM OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS is to be
disposed of as a loan on good security. Parties whom
this may interest, may apply to
J. C. ASHLM, 118 Sacramento street.

J. SOLOMON,
SUCCESSOR TO
H. M. LEWIS,
WATCH MAKER,
AND
MANUFACTURING JEWELER,
(THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN CALIFORNIA.)

IMPORTER OF

**Fine Watches and Jewelry,
Diamonds, &c.**

Parties requiring a FINE WATCH or JEWELRY,
will do well by calling on me before purchasing elsewhere,
as I am selling 30 per cent. cheaper than any other house
in California, and all my Goods are WARRANTED.
Just received, several Large Invoices of Jewelry, com-
prising some of the finest sets in California.
Remember the number, 139 CLAY STREET.

**ALBERT KUNER,
SEAL ENGRAVER AND DIE SINKER,**
167 Washington Street, San Francisco.

NOTARIAL SEALS, as prescribed by the
law of 1853. Masonic and Official Seals of every de-
scription. Ornamental Engraving and Marking at the short-
est notice, and at reasonable prices.
Remember the number, 139 CLAY STREET.

MORIZET
Maltese Cross Champagne.

J. C. MORIZET, RHEIMS.

H. A. COBB, AGENT, San Francisco.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Agent for the pro-
prietors, Messrs. De St. MARCAUX & Co., Rheims,
France, has just received an invoice of the above celebrated
Wine, and will continue, from this time, to receive the same
by every arrival from France.
H. A. COBB,
No. 100 and 102 Montgomery Street.

**FIRST QUALITY OF CAMPHENE,
BURNING FLUID,**
Sperm, Lard and Polar Oils, Manufactured
and for sale by

GEORGE DIETZ & CO.
Office 132 Washington Street, San Francisco.
The late improvements in our CAMPHENE and OIL
WORKS enable us to manufacture a superior article of
Camphene and Oil, which we can sell at less prices than
any other manufacturer in the State.
We have constantly on hand desirable packages for ship-
ping to the country or mines.
All goods shipped or delivered to any part of the city
free of charge.
N. B.—Wholesale Dealers in Turpentine and 95 per cent.
ap3

Removal.

ELIAS WOOLF, the MOHEL, has removed
to 115 Pine street, two doors above Mont-
gomery. He hopes fully to merit the confi-
dence of those who may be pleased to avail
themselves of his services.
may28

BANKING

**WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
EXPRESS
AND
BANKING COMPANY,**

OFFICE, Northwest Corner of Montgomery and
California Streets, San Francisco.

CAPITAL, \$600,000.

SEND, DAILY, TO ALL PARTS OF
CALIFORNIA—

WEEKLY—To Crescent City, Oregon, and the
Southern Coast—

SEMI-MONTHLY—To the Atlantic States, in
charge of Special Messengers, by the Panama and
Nicaragua Steamers, connecting in New York with the
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.—West and Canada West.
UNITED EXPRESS CO.—East and West.
HARDEN EXPRESS CO.—South and West.
NATIONAL EXPRESS CO.—North and Canada East.
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COMPANY**—England, Germany and France.

EXCHANGE

On all the Principal Cities in the United States and
Canada

COLLECTIONS MADE

And General Express Business promptly attended to.
LOUIS MCLEANE, J.
General Agent for California.
G. W. BELL, Superintendent Banking Department.
SAMUEL KNIGHT, Superintendent Express Depart-
ment.

JOSEPH C. PALMER.

BANKER,

Corner of Washington and Kearny st., fronting
the Plaza, San Francisco, California.

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[CONTINUED FROM PAGE 213.]

have laws which are as sacred as our own; and the tent, and the garden, and the little pasture-ground are transmitted from father to son for centuries. I have probably forgotten more than half of our conversation; but I remember he told me that all the sons shared equal; that the daughters took nothing; that the children lived together; that if any brothers got married, the property must be divided; that if any difficulty arose on the division, the man who worked the place for a share of the profits must divide it; and, lastly, that the sisters must remain with the brothers until they (the sisters) are married. I asked him, if the brothers did not choose to keep a sister with them, what became of her; but he did not understand me. I repeated the question, but still he did not comprehend it, and looked to his companions for an explanation. And when, at last, the meaning of my question became apparent to his mind, he answered, with a look of wonder, "It is impossible—she is his own blood." I pressed my question again and again in various forms, suggesting the possibility that the brother's wife might dislike the sister, and other very supposable cases; but it was so strange an idea, that to the last he did not fully comprehend it, and his answer was still the same—"It is impossible—she is his own blood." I asked him who governed them; he stretched himself up and answered in one word, "God." I asked him if they paid tribute to the pacha; and his answer was, "No, we take tribute from him." I asked him how. "We plunder his caravans." I asked him, if the sheik had promised a stranger to conduct him through his territory, whether the tribe would not consider themselves bound by his promise. He said no; they would take the sheik apart, ask him what he was going to do with the stranger; how much he was going to get; and, if they were satisfied, would let him pass; otherwise they would send him back; but they would respect the promise of the sheik so far as not to do him personal injury. In case of any quarrel or difference between members of a tribe, they had no law or tribunal to adjust it; but if one of them was wounded—and he spoke as if this was the regular consequence of a quarrel—upon his recovery he made out his account, charging a per diem price for the loss of his services, and the other must pay it. But what if he will not? "He must," was the reply, given in the same tone with which he had before pronounced it "impossible" for the brother to withhold protection and shelter from his sister. If he does not he will be visited with the contempt of his tribe, and very soon he or one of his near relations will be killed. They have a law which is as powerful in its operations as any that we have, and it is a strange and not uninteresting feature in their social compact, that what we call public opinion should be as powerful among them as among civilized people; and that even the wild and lawless Bedouin, a man who may fight and rob and kill with impunity, cannot live under the contempt of his tribe.

In regard to their yet more domestic habits, he told me that though the law of Mohammed allowed four wives, the Bedouin seldom took more than one, unless he had no issue with the one, or if she could not make good bread, or unless he fell in love with another girl, or could afford to keep more than one; with these and few extraordinary exceptions, the Bedouin married but one wife; and the chastity of women was protected by sanguinary laws, the guilty woman having to forfeit her head the penalty being executed by her own relations, the Arabs proceeding on the ground that the chastity of the woman is a pearl above all price; that it is in her own keeping; and that it is but part of the infirmity of man's nature to rob her of it.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

The Vine.

CONTINUED FROM P. 206.

HUMANITY OF THE DIVINE LAW CONTRASTED WITH THE LAWS OF "PLATO, THE DIVINE."

And when ye reap the harvest of your land, thou shalt not wholly reap the corners of thy field, neither shalt thou gather up the gleanings of thy harvest. And thou shalt not glean thy vineyard, and the single grapes that drop in thy vineyard thou shalt not gather up; for the poor and the stranger shalt thou leave them. I am the Lord thy God. Lev. 19: 9-10.

When thou comest to thy neighbor's vineyard, thou mayest eat grapes at thy pleasure, till thou art satisfied, but into thy vessel thou shalt not put any. When thou comest into the standing corn of thy neighbor, thou mayest pluck ears with thy hand, but a sickle thou shalt not move over thy neighbor's standing corn.—Deut. 23: 25-26.

The owners were commanded, when they gathered their grapes, (and other produce) not to provide solely for themselves, by greedily picking up all they could get, but generously to give some chance to the poor and the stranger: "And when ye reap the harvest of your land, thou shalt not wholly reap the corners of thy field, says the text. Leviticus 19: 9.

In relation to this, say the Rabbis, that at least the sixteenth part, or more, if the number of poor required it, had to be left for this purpose—not in any place most convenient for the owner, but in the corner of the field, so that the poor might find it without any difficulty.

"Neither shalt thou gather the gleanings of thy harvest," continues the text—that is, if an ear or two of corn fell while they cut or bound it. "And thou shalt not glean thy vineyard, and the single grapes that drop in thy vineyard thou shalt not take away, for the poor and the stranger shalt thou leave them. I am the Lord your God, unto whom the whole earth belongeth, and who desires you to sanctify yourselves by the practice of benevolence."

Of another humane law in relation to produce of the soil, we read in Deuteronomy 23: 24—"When thou comest in the vineyard of thy neighbor's thou mayest eat grapes at thy pleasure till thou be satisfied; but into thy vessel thou shalt not put any." Here again is an instance of humanity worthy of the Bible. How different from Plato's laws, who enacted that a servant who ate figs or grapes in his master's vineyard should receive as many lashes as he ate berries, (Eusebius Præf: Evang. lib. xiii, cap ult. Such is the teaching of a man who is pre-eminently called "The Divine;" while the divine law teaches: "Thou shalt not muzzle (even) the ox while he is threshing."

Strange that the Rabbis teach just the reverse of Plato; they teach that the owner who refuses this indulgence to the passer by is to receive the known forty lashes but one. It must be mentioned that the Rabbis apply this passage, not to a casual passer by the vineyard, but to the laborer, who works among the grape; but their interpretation is not correct, for if the ox was not to be prevented eating corn while threshing it, as we read: "Thou shalt not muzzle the ox whilst he is threshing," what need is there for permission to the human laborer, for such a gratification while at work

Hence it is clear the text means passers by, in general, as the words stand, and not the laborer, of which no mention is made in the text.

It is in this manner Josephus in his antiquities, Book 4, chapter 8, records the laws to have been observed: he says, "travelers on the highway, though not Israelites, were allowed to refresh themselves in passing by."

As to the injury done to the vineyard, we remark that the superabundant produce of Palestine allowed such losses without affecting the proprietor to a considerable degree. Besides; the law of benevolence is of too important a nature not to require considerable sacrifices—the maxim is *אין צום אלא בנקים חסדנים* We find no requirement in the law, without its requiring material sacrifices. Besides, the text does not give permission to roam about a stranger's vineyard, but merely to pick grapes in passing. We therefore admire the beautiful lesson given us in passages before us, and we sincerely wish that our age would act according to the principles laid down in the Bible, i. e.: that the rich would allow the poor man a chance to pick up small earnings and certain advantages offered to them: "When ye reap the harvest, do not wholly reap the corners neither gather the gleanings; for the poor and the stranger shalt thou leave them."

(To be Continued.)

Pure Air.

VENTILATION A PRESERVATIVE TO HEALTH.

We have spoken of the necessity of the inhalation of pure air, if we wish to preserve our health; we have illustrated it by examples that must convince every reader of the deadly effect of impure air. The case of Casper Hauser, who was effected by impure exhalation from dead bodies, to that extent that he was immediately attacked with an ague, succeeded by an intense feverish heat, and a profuse perspiration, and a dimness of sight (from the effect of the odors on the brain, shows in a most striking manner the poisonous effect of vitious air and the necessity of ventilation. Our insensibility to its effect is owing to the obtuseness of our senses which an artificial manner of life has benumbed to such an extent that powerful excitements to our nerves are required to render us susceptible to the influence of surrounding objects. But we must not imagine that we can transgress the laws of nature without our having to pay the penalty; in the physical, as in the moral world, nature kindly points out to us what is to be desired and what avoided. In the moral world it is conscience that is the monitor—in the physical, it is our senses: evil odors warn us of the pressure of deleterious influences, and, as by repeated violence to the conscience it grows searer, so do our physical parts grow more benumbed after every transgression, till they are individually so obtuse—which when such obtuseness extends over the whole organization, we call it death.

Therefore beware of vitiated air, keep your rooms, chambers, and nurseries properly ventilated; remove from them every object which emanates poisonous effluvia, as corrupt animal substances, soiled linen, etc. Try by all means to breathe a pure air.

[From the Asmoneum.]

The Increase of Synagogues.

The increasing number of Synagogues in the land appears, in the abstract, to be most laudable; but when we descend into an enquiry as to the remote causes originating the want in a particular case, we are oft led to demur to its laudability, if we do not go the length of censuring the ground on which it is based.

There is not a city of any importance in the Union which has not at this day, more Israelite congregations than necessity warrants. The excess has been created by the unrestricted flow of national prejudices or the unbridled passions of checked ambition. It is a weakness of the Hebrews that, as they were created a nation of priests, they aspire, each man, to be a Prince

in Israel. The subordination laid down in the wilderness, when each man knew his station and filled it hopefully, is ignored in this land of free institutions; and thus a very slight defeat on congregational questions suffices, with some men, for the establishment of a rival congregation.

* * There exists no difference on dogma; none on form, tone or accentuation; neither is the edifice too small for the congregators, even if they all invariably attended whenever its portals were opened for service. A watchful opposition is beneficial, a severing one suspicious; and the leaders of the latter are bound to justify themselves before the world, when they attempt to launch into existence an opposition congregation.

We have in this city any number of congregations; every year adds more or less to the aggregate, and it will not require long before every petty principality on the continent of Europe will be represented by a synagogue in full operation in New York. Here, we see the absurdity in full vigor. The population being large, affords the majority scope for their operations; they are enabled to build handsome synagogues and pay decent salaries to their officers; but, when we go to cities with smaller Israelite communities, and we find two, three, four and five congregations, each with a trifling body of members, the whole scarcely exceeding what would be termed a respectable congregation, what do we see? Heart-burning, jealousies and national prejudices in full flow; and the ministers? God help them—starving on less than a day laborer's pittance.

Foreign Intelligence.

HANOVER.—The government of that State is very liberal in contribution towards Jewish schools.

AUSTRIA, Funtkirchen.—The congregation, consisting of 150 families, seem to be aware of their duty and responsibility—their first attention is directed to the education of their children. Subscriptions were taken up lately to form a school library. We are happy to see the effect of an intelligent administration.

SWITZERLAND.—Thanks to the government of the United States since a year and a-half the Swiss question is already pending. The government of the United States refused signing a treaty by which U. S. citizens of the Christian faith only, were to enjoy the commercial advantages extended by the two States to each other. At last, Switzerland yielded. We see both in the North and the South of Europe the strong holds of sectarian prejudices sink before the voice of humanity, that will allow man to think of his Creator, as his early impressions may teach him, and the bent of his mental faculties direct him, without depriving him of inalienable rights, conceded by nature to all her children.

PROVINCE OF POSEN.—About 1816 the number of Jews in that Province amounted to 50,000; it increased gradually during 30 years; so that in 1846, they counted 81,000. Since that time a decrease, owing to emigration to other Prussian provinces, but chiefly to America, is perceptible, so that the census of 1855 showed the number to be no more than 74,000.

Ten years back the Province contained two fifths of the number of Jews of Prussia, which, according to statistical reports, amounts to above 234,000 souls.

BRAZIL.—There exists a synagogue at Rio Janeiro, but as our sources give no further information than what persons have to pay on becoming members, and to how much their dues amount to monthly, and when their annual meetings take place. It appears that they do not know the rudiments of church policy, nor what the objects and duties of church members are.

DARMSTADT.—A number of wealthy Israelites of Darmstadt, have united to form a seminary for the education of teachers. Seventy applications have already been received.

THE FAMILY.

Vanity and Affectation.

There are few defects which appear earlier than vanity. Children delight in being noticed and admired; and it is therefore of importance, that amidst all our affectionate attentions to them, all our efforts for their good and happiness, we guard against nurturing their self love, self-importance, and fondness for admiration. Children ought to be the objects of our assiduous attention—we should be willing to give up our time, not only for the more serious of education, but to please, to amuse, and to make them happy. This, however, may be done without throwing back their attention on themselves. We may show them every kindness without flattering their vanity; but here many people are apt to mistake; their notice is bestowed in so injudicious a manner. If for instance, upon the entrance of children into a room, a general whisper of approbation go round the circle; if remarks are made on their persons, their carriage, and their manner; if their sayings are eagerly listened to and repeated in their presence, the ill effect is inevitable.

Praise and encouragement, judiciously and sparingly administered, will have effects very different from those produced by the kind of notice here objected to. The one injures whilst it pleases, leading the subjects of it to think of themselves, and exciting a self-complacency, which is very soon followed by display; the other is a just reward of merit, and a stimulus to what is good. In bestowing praise however, even when the most deserved, we should bear in mind the great importance of leading our children to a habit of examining their motives, of doing right from a sense of duty rather than from the love of applause, or the desire of excelling others. whilst we stimulate to exertion, care must at the same time be taken to uphold the beauty of humility as the chief ornament of childhood; but unless this, in some measure, exists in our own hearts, unless we ourselves are influenced by that meek and quiet spirit which is in the sight of God of great price there is little hope that we shall succeed in our endeavours to foster it in others.

An excess of personal vanity is rarely to be overcome by direct opposition, or positive restraint. We shall be more likely to succeed in counteracting such a disposition, by allowing to external appearance its due value, its due share of attention—by inculcating general moderation in every selfish gratification, and still more, by improving the tone of mind, and raising it to higher tastes and better objects. Dress should be treated as a matter of very secondary importance; new and smart clothes ought not to be offered as a reward for good conduct; and whether they are to be of one shape or another, this colour or that, is never to be brought forward as an affair of consequence. Too much restraint on this subject generally defeats its own end, and renders dress, just what we should wish it not to be, an object of unnecessary thought and attention. The desire to please, so strongly implanted in the heart, must be allowed to have some play; and, when kept within due bounds, is not to be despised or treated as a fault; whilst we strictly avoid all that is incorrect or extravagant, we should not, unnecessarily, expose our children to the pain and awkwardness of feeling themselves singular in manner and appearance.

Closely connected with vanity is affectation to which children are also exceedingly prone. Nothing can be more delightful than the innocent prattle and merriment of a child, when it flows simply from the gaiety of his heart—we should encourage it, and be merry with him; but if we have the weakness, may we not say the unkindness, to let him see that he is an object of attention and admiration, to put him upon showing off his pretty ways, for the amusement of our friends, or allow it to be done for the laugh of the kitchen; we gain our

object indeed, he is sprightly and talkative, but no longer because he is gay at heart, but because he longs to be noticed and admired—and this is affectation. Those who are accustomed to children will be able quickly to discern affectation, not only in their words and actions, but even in their looks and should always disappoint it—always receive it with coldness and disapprobation.

We shall succeed very imperfectly in securing our children from vanity and affectation, unless we first set a guard upon our own conduct—unless we ourselves are acting from better motives than the love of admiration, or the desire of excelling others; unless our own manners are simple and natural. If it be the main object of those who are engaged in education, that themselves or their children should please and excel, a similar spirit will most likely show itself in the objects of their care. If we allow ourselves to speak in affected tones of voice; fondling our children to excess; and using extravagant expressions of affection and admiration, a defect so frequent amongst nurses something answering to it will certainly appear in them; for we shall find that they are wonderfully alive to sympathy and imitation; quick in discerning what passes before them, especially if it regard themselves, and; when we least suppose it, strongly affected by the conduct and feeling of those around them.

A Perfect Wife.

BY EDMUND BURKE.

She is handsome, it is a beauty not arising from features, from complexion, or from shape; she has all three in high degree, but it is not by these she touches the heart; it is all that sweetness of temper, benevolence, innocence, and sensibility which a face can express, that forms her beauty. She has a face that just raises your attention at first sight, it grows on you every moment, and you wonder that it did not more than raise your attention at first. Her eyes have a mild light, but they awe you when she pleases; they command like a good man out of office, not by authority, but by virtue. Her features are not perfectly regular; that sort of exactness is more to be praised than loved, for it is never animated. Her stature is not tall; she is not made to be the admiration of every body, but the happiness of one. She has all the firmness that does not exclude delicacy; she has all the softness that does not imply weakness. There is often more of the coquette shown in an affected plainness than in a tawdry finery; she is always neat without preciseness or affectation. Her gravity is a gentle thoughtfulness, that softens the features without discomposing them; she is usually grave. Her smiles are inexpressible. Her voice is a low soft music, not formed to rule in public assemblies, but to charm those who can distinguish a company from a crowd; it has this advantage, you must come close to her to hear it. To describe her person is to describe her mind; one is the transcript of the other. Her understanding is not shown in the variety of matters it exerts itself on, but in the goodness of the choice she makes. She does not display it so much in saying or doing striking things, as in avoiding such as she ought not to say or do. She discovers the right and wrong of things not by reasoning, but sagacity; most women and, and many good ones, have a closeness and something selfish in their dispositions; she has a true generosity of temper; the most extravagant cannot be more unbounded in their liberality, the most covetous not more cautious in the distribution. No person of so few years can know the world better; no person was ever less corrupted by that knowledge. Her politeness seems to flow rather from a natural disposition to oblige than from any rules on that subject; and therefore never fails to strike those who understand good breeding, and those who do not. She does not run with a girl's eagerness into new friendships, which as they have no foundation in reason, serve only to

multiply idle visits, and gossip, and loss of time; it is long before she chooses, but then it is fixed for ever; and the first hours of romantic friendships are not warmer than hers after the lapse of years. As she never disgraces her good nature by severe reflections on any body, so she never degrades her judgment by immoderate or ill-placed praises; for every thing violent is contrary to her gentleness of disposition, and the evenness of her virtue; she has a steady and firm mind, which takes no more from the female character than the solidity of marble does from its polish and lustre. She has such virtues as make us value the truly great of her own sex; she has all the winning graces that make us love even the faults we see in the weak and beautiful of hers.

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One or more of the above Steamers will leave Jackson Street Wharf every day, at 4 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted.) for

SACRAMENTO AND STOCKTON,

Connecting with the Light Draft Steamers for
MARYSVILLE, COLUSI, and RED BLUFFS.
For further particulars inquire at the Office of the Company, corner of Jackson and Front Streets.
ap3 SAMUEL J. HENSLEY, President.

DAGUERREAN GALLERY,

Corner Washington and Dupont streets,

PRICES TO SUIT.

M^R. HENRY BUSH has, since his several years residence in this city, gained and secured the custom and confidence of not only his countrymen, the German portion of our inhabitants, but of the public at large, by his ability and skill in rendering the most striking likenesses in different styles and sizes.

His prices, from the moderate sum of \$1 up to \$25, renders it within the reach of almost every body to have a good likeness taken for his gratification here, or agreeably to surprise a loving friend in the Atlantic States, or in Europe.
Jy 10

JOSEPH SIMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

133 CLAY ST., Room 8, up stairs,

ap17. SAN FRANCISCO.



STOTT & CO.,

Pioneer Camphene Distillers and Oil Manufacturers.

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Lamps, Chimnies, Globes, Wick, Alcohol
Spirits, Turpentine, Axle-Grease, &c.
Office, No. 126 Sansome Street, cor. of Merchant.
N. B. Orders from the Country, accompanied by Remittances, will be promptly dispatched, and the Goods put at low prices.
ml3-tf

ADAMS' ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAMILY DRUG STORE.

SAMUEL ADAMS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

Northeast corner Clay and Dupont sts.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND ONE OF THE
largest assortments of Drugs, Medicines,
Chemicals and Approved Popular Medicines of
the day, and additions continually made.
Among them are

The Celebrated German Tonic and AROMATIC BITTERS.

An infallible remedy for Jaundice, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Impurities of the Blood, &c. &c., and an Elegant, Salubrious and Wonderful Restorative in Diseases of the Stomach and Digestive Organs.

VIRTUES OF THE GERMAN BITTERS.

In all Diseases of the Stomach and Digestive Organs the German Tonic and Aromatic Bitters surpass any medicine that has ever been devised. By a peculiar process of German Chemistry, they possess the power of warming and invigorating the functions of the Stomach, while they diminish the feverish sensibility of the nerves and fibre.

DEVOTION'S LEXIPYRETA

Stands unrivalled as a cure for Fever and Ague.

MINERAL WATER.

Seltzer, Congress and Napa.

LEE HES.

EUREKA PANACEA AND Vegetable Depuratory.

For the cure of diseases arising from the Impurity of the Blood, such as Scrofulous, Leprous, and Cutaneous Affections, Biles, Salt Rheum, Rash, Pimples on the Face, Prickly Heat, Fever and Miners' Sores, Scrobutic Affections from an injurious use of Mercury, imprudence in life, and from the change of climates.

The ingredients comprising this invaluable Depuratory have long been successfully used by the proprietor, as many who have applied to him can testify, and are among the most efficacious remedies known in the vegetable world. Price \$2 per bottle. For sale by

SAMUEL ADAMS,
Druggist and Apothecary, corner Clay and Dupont streets. Jy12-tf

German Purgative Pills.

PREPARED BY

SAMUEL ADAMS, Druggist and Apothecary,

Corner Clay and Dupont streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

THESE PILLS were prepared to meet the wants of those requiring a safe and reliable Family Pill, and being prepared in this State, lose none of their virtues, which Pills are liable to in passing through the tropics.

They are confidently recommended in all cases where the stomach and bowels require evacuation, in Costiveness, Billious Diseases, Dyspepsia, Headache, Rheumatic Attacks, Nausea, etc., etc., and particularly recommended for Suppression, Irregularities and Female Complaints, generally. They are purely vegetable.
Jy12 tf

THE CALIFORNIA



KILLING PAPER

For the Destruction of Flies, Mosquitoes, Gnats, and other Insects; it is simple in its use and killing in its effect. Price 12 1/2 cents a sheet. Prepared and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

SAMUEL ADAMS,

Jy19

PILE WASH.

THIS PILE REMEDY HAS BEEN PREPARED BY the subscriber for six years, and no article he has sold has afforded such immediate and effectual relief.
Jy 12

SAMUEL ADAMS.

CROCKERY.

BLUMENTHAL & HIRSCH,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS IN
CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHENWARE.

Britannia and Plated Ware,
CUTLERY AND LOOKING GLASSES,
No. 152 Kearny Street,
In F. Argenti's Brick Building, corner of Commercial St.,
AND—
149 & 151 Clay St., 2 doors below
Montgomery.

Martin A. Blumenthal, }
Adolph Hirsch, } SAN FRANCISCO.
Particular attention paid to packing Goods for the
Interior or Coast Trade.

R. KRAMBACH,

IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
CROCKERY,
Glassware, Plated and Britannia Ware,
CUTLERY, LAMPS, ETC.,
No. 140 Clay Street,
Between Montgomery and Sansome, opposite Leidesdorff
SAN FRANCISCO.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Sign of the Mammoth Boot.
M. GUERIN,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Ladies', Misses', Gents', Boys' and Childrens'
BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,
Corner of Battery and Commercial Streets and
No. 57 Commercial Street, San Francisco.
A full supply of Bonkert & Conrad's Philadelphia Boots,
Shoes and Gaiters.

STATIONERY.

GOLD PENS.

NOISY CARRIER'S 122 LONG WHARF, second house
above Leidesdorff street, or a few doors below Mont-
gomery street.
GOLD PENS—
Silver short, extra cases, retail at.....\$2 00 each
GOLD ENGRASSING PENS—
Silver extra cases, retail at.....\$3 00 each
GOLD DOUBLE ENGRASSING PENS—
Silver double extra cases, retail at.....\$4 00 each
GOLD MAMMOTH PENS—
and holders, with boxes, retail at.....\$5 00 each
GOLD CASES AND PENS—
Short extra, retail at.....\$6 50 each
GOLD NO. 2 A. L. BROWN'S PENS—
alone, retail at.....\$1 00 each
GOLD ENGRASSING BROWN'S PENS—
alone, retail at.....\$1 50 each
GOLD NO. 2 MAMMOTH PEN—
alone, retail at.....\$3 00 each
je 26 CHARLES P. KIMBALL, President.

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ANTIQUARIAN BOOKSTORE.

ELLERY has just received Thirty Thousand Pages
of MUSIC, which he is selling cheap. He has always
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(IN ALL LANGUAGES.)
Law, Medical, Agricultural, Me-
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A lot of ENGRAVINGS for Studies and Designs or Port-
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Books bought sold or exchanged.
Come everybody and examine, at the ANTIQUA-
RIAN BOOKSTORE, 162 Washington street, above Mont-
gomery street.
N. B. Wholesale and Retail. jan15-3m2p

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ST. LOSKY, LEVY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF THE
Cheapest Brands
—OF—
Havana Cigars,
And Sole Agents for the sale, in California, of
La Floride Cabañas, Partagas y Ca Havana
109 California Street,
Next door to Alsop & Co

M. DUKES,
Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
Imported Segars & Tobacco,
No. 116 Battery Street,
Corner Battery and Washington.

WEIL & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HAVANA SEGARS, TOBACCO,
Snuff, Matches, Cards, &c.,
No. 62 Front Street,
Between Sacramento and California streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.
All kinds of orders from the city and coun-
try promptly attended to. feb27

J. W. CHERRY,

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL
PAINTER,
No 156 CLAY STREET, NEAR KEARNY ST.,
m6 lm SAN FRANCISCO.

INSURANCE.

Monarch Fire Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED IN 1835.—EMPOWERED BY
ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital and Surplus Fund, \$2,000,000
Special Fund, (invested in this country to meet losses,) \$150,000.
Head Offices: Adelaide Place and 28 Regent st., London.
Office in San Francisco, 126 California st., near Leidesdorff.
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Policies issued and losses promptly settled at this Agency.
ap3 W. L. BOOKER, Agent for California.

Unity Fire Insurance Association,
OF LONDON.

OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO AGENCY, Mer-
chant street near Battery.
\$2,000,000 Sterling, or \$10,000,000 Capital.
Brick and Stone Buildings, and Merchandise, Insured on
favorable terms.
The undersigned are authorized to settle claims for losses
without delay. DICKSON, DEWOLF & CO., Agents.
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OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1808. CAPITAL, \$8,000,000.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECEIV-
ed permission to issue Policies insuring detached frame
buildings, and their furniture, are now prepared to receive
applications for the same.
Brick Buildings, and Merchandise stored in them, or Mer-
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Also, Life Insurance for a period of years, or the whole
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MERCANTILE MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
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R. L. ROBERTSON & CO.,

Dealers in Domestic and Foreign
COAL,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Billingham Bay, Red Ash,
Cumberland, West Hartley,
Lackawana, Sydney, &c.,
Constantly on hand.

68 Clay Street, below Front.

RICHARD L. ROBERTSON, }
HOMER B. HAWKINS, } SAN FRANCISCO.
Coal delivered to any part of the City,
or shipped for the Country, without extra
charge. ap3tf

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DEALERS IN

FURNITURE, BEDDING, &C.,

No. 169 Jackson street,
Between Montgomery and Kearny streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

CABINET MAKING AND TURNING,
SHOW CASES

CRIBS, CRADLES AND BEDSTEADS, a large
assortment on hand and made to order.
Newels, and Balusters, Table, Counter and
Desk Legs, for sale or turned at short notice
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MARK SHELTON & CO.—
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Domestic Foreign Provisions,
No. 93 Front st., San Francisco.

—OFFER FOR SALE—

250 kegs Butter;
100 cases Fresh Butter;
200 cases Jewell, Harrison & Co's Lard;
200 cases Oregon Lard;
75 cases Oregon Hams;
80 cases Oregon Bacon;
50 cases Oregon Shoulders. m13 lm

DRY GOODS.

IMPORTANT

—TO—
**California, Oregon and
Washington Territories,
SANDWICH ISLANDS AND
MEXICO.**

EVERY MERCHANT from any of the above countries
will find it their interest to call, examine and purchase
from our
IMMENSE STOCK.

All our Goods are of our own Importation.

HUGHES & WALLACE, White Goods.
HUGHES & WALLACE, Embroideries.
HUGHES & WALLACE, Laces, Edgings.
HUGHES & WALLACE, Hosiery, Gloves.
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HUGHES & WALLACE, Perfumery.
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Agents for—
J. J. Clark's Sewing Cotton;
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105 AND 107
Sacramento street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

New Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,
BY THE ARRIVAL OF EVERY STEAMER
AND CLIPPER.

Offered at the Lowest Market Prices, to which
I invite the attention of City and Country Merchants.

F. HENDERSON, No. 61 SACRAMENTO
street, San Francisco, has for sale the following New
Assorted Prints—new styles; assorted Blankets;
Berth and Bed Blankets; "York Mills" Cottons;
Blue Denim—assorted; Linen Check and Hickory Shirts;
"Ashland," "Washington" and "Howard" Duck;
White and colored Marseilles Quilts; Brown Drill;
Brown Sheetting; assorted colors Flannel;
Ballard Yale White Flannel; Bleached and Slate Drills;
Bed Ticking—assorted; Bleached Shirtings—assorted;
"Allendale" Sheettings—assorted widths
Fine Brown Shirtings; Gray Twilled Flannel.
Orders for the Country supplied. ap3

H. BRESLAUER & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

FANCY DRY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES, ETC.,

No. 111 Sacramento Street,
Between Sansome and Montgomery, opposite the Mail
Steamship Co's Office, SAN FRANCISCO.
And 101 William street, NEW YORK.
Henry Breslau, A. Morris.
may 1

JANSON, BOND & CO.,

CORNER BATTERY AND CLAY STREETS,
HAVE NOW IN STORE AND LANDING,
a large stock of Dry Goods and Clothing, consisting
in part—

200 bales brown Drills and Sheetings;
250 bales Cotton Ducks, from No. 000 to No. 10;
100 bales twilled and plain wide Duck;
50 bales blue, white, gray and scarlet Blankets;
20 bales mix'd, white, scarlet and opera Flannels;
10 cases plain and figured DeLaines;
20 cases Merrimac, Pacific and Sprague Prints
5 cases French Merinos and Coburgs;
5 cases plain and figured Alpaccas and Persians;
5 cases (all wool) Plaids and Dress Goods;
10 cases Satinets and Cassimeres
5 cases Mantillas, Cloaks and Nisettes;
1000 plain, figured and plaid Shawls;
1000 dozen wove and knit Wool Socks;
500 dozen mixed Flannel Overshirts;
500 dozen Merino Undershirts and Drawers;
250 dozen Cassimeres, Satinet and Jean Pants;
250 dozen Overalls and Jumpers;
250 dozen hickory and check Shirts;
100 bales Batts and Wadding;
And a large and well selected stock of Fancy and Dress
Goods, which they offer low, at their new stand, corner Clay
and Battery streets, San Francisco. ap3

B. JOSEPH,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF
Dry Goods, Clothing, Fancy Goods,
HOSIERY, &C.

No. 71 Battery Street, near Sacramento.
N. B.—A. LEVY is authorized to transact all business
for the above establishment. ap17tf

DRY GOODS.

UHLFELDER & CAHN,
SUCCESSORS TO O. BERG.
IMPORTERS AND JUBBERS IN
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,
ap3 No. 84 California St., San Francisco.

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
**FANCY, STAPLE AND DOMESTIC
Dry Goods,**
Ladies' Boots & Shoes & Millinery Goods
No. 93 and 95 California Street.
This store will be closed on Saturdays. Purchasers and
those desiring to examine the stock, will please call on
Friday, or upon the first day of the week. ap3

L. DINKELSPIEL, U. SIMON.
SIMON & DINKELSPIEL,
Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY, &c. &c.
No. 79 California Street,
Corner of Battery and
California Streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

LANG & SPORBORG,
Importers and Jobbers of
**FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Hosiery, &c.,**
Corner of Sacramento and Leidesdorff Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
ap24 Orders from the Country promptly attended to.

EDUCATION.

LEVY'S INSTITUTE,

On Broadway in the Basement of the Synagogue.
IS CONDUCTED BY MR. DANIEL LEVY, APPOINT-
ed as Hebrew Teacher by the Congregation Emanu-El,
with the assistance of Prof. A. O. KNOX, and Miss LEVIN-
son, well known and accomplished Teachers.
The Branches of INSTRUCTION include all such as are
taught in Elementary and High Schools, besides a French,
German and even Latin and Greek, if required.
Mr. Levy, by long experience as a teacher in the Public
Schools of France and Algiers, has acquired a knowledge
of the BEST METHODS of conducting a school and of im-
parting instruction, and is prepared to lay before parents
and guardians, Official Documents, attesting that his suc-
cess as a teacher was repeatedly rewarded by the Minister
of Public Instruction.
Mr. Levy has had fifteen years experience in teaching
the English branches and the classics.
For further particulars, apply at the School-room from
9 A. M., to 3 P. M.
je12 DANIEL LEVY, Principal.

HEBREW SCHOOL.

INVITATION TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.
THE SCHOOL for the Moral and Religious
Instruction of our Children, under the su-
perintendence of Dr. ECKMAN, is open for chil-
dren of both sexes. It is kept at
No. 133 Clay Street, (2d story.)

SCHOOL HOURS:
For the Senior Class—SATURDAY and SUN-
DAY, at 10 A. M.

TUESDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P. M.

For the Junior Class—SATURDAY and SUN-
DAY, at 10 A. M.

MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 4 P. M.

The School is free to all. Only those who
are able are expected to pay a moderate charge,
fixed by the committee.

Parents and Guardians are seriously urged
not to neglect the duty incumbent upon them,
and the opportunity offered. ap3tf

THE ISRAELITE IN ENGLISH,

—AND—

THE DEBORAH IN GERMAN,

JEWISH NEWSPAPERS, PUBLISHED BY
Drs. Wise and Lillenthal, of Cincinnati. The above
periodicals will be supplied by mail, or otherwise, at the
price of \$3 per year, for the Israelite, and \$4 for both, in one
wrapper. Apply to the publisher of the Weekly Gleaner,
San Francisco. ap3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Paper Hangings and Carpets!

JUST RECEIVED PER LALE ARRIVALS, BY

FRANK BAKER,

No. 110 and 112 Clay Street.

800 CASES PAPER HANGINGS:—
French and American—Every Variety—
6,000 rolls French and American Borders;
400 pieces Tapestry Velvet Carpet;
625 do Tapestry Brussels Carpet;
230 do Three-ply Carpet;
300 do Superfine Ingrain Carpet;
300 do Extra Fine Ingrain Carpet;
200 do Cotton and Wool Carpet;
125 do Stair Carpets, assorted;
275 do Bay State Druggists;
800 do Oil Cloths, assorted;
125 do Demask and Brocatelle;
300 do Cotton and Worsted Damask;
4,000 pairs Window Shades;
275 do Lace Curtains;
751 do Muslin Curtains;
8,900 Corals and Curtain Bands;
Stair Rugs; Table Covers;
Gimps, Fringes, &c., &c.

For sale wholesale and retail, by

je19 **FRANK BAKER,**
110 and 112 Clay street.

AUCTION HOUSES.

AARON VAN VLECK,
AUCTIONEER,
SALESROOM—Fireproof Building, 61 and 63
California street, near Front.
Sale Days—Wednesdays and Saturdays.
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T. J. L. SMILEY. GEO. W. SMILEY.
SMILEY BROTHERS & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
SALESROOM—S. W. corner of Sacramento and Sansome streets.

SALE DAYS.

MONDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales (in second story salesroom) of FRENCH GOODS, SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, STAPLE DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, &c.

WEDNESDAYS—Regular Catalogue Sales of BOOTS, BROGANS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, SATURDAYS. BLANKETS. ap3

M. M. NEWHALL. HENRY GREGORY.

NEWHALL & GREGORY,

AUCTIONEERS.

SALESROOM—Fireproof Brick Building corner of Sacramento and Battery Streets.

REGULAR SALE DAYS—Mondays and Thursdays.

Regular Sales by Catalogue,

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,
LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, CUTLERY, FANCY GOODS, &c.
ap3

R. D. W. DAVIS & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

SALE DAYS—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE UNDERSIGNED having taken the Fireproof Brick Store on the southwest corner of California and Sansome streets, will continue the Auction and Commission Business, under the name and style of R. D. W. DAVIS & CO. Gratefully acknowledging the favors heretofore extended to him, he respectfully solicits a share of patronage.
ap3 R. D. W. DAVIS.

S. L. JONES. AUCTIONEER.

JONES & BENDIXEN,

SALESROOM—Fireproof Building, Nos. 61 and 63 California street, three doors from Front.
OUT-DOOR AND SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the city.

Consigned Goods covered "pro rata" by

FIRE INSURANCE.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments for Sale at Auction.

A CARD—Mr. F. Foa will solicit Consignments for our House generally, and will have an interest in all business which he may influence thereto.
ap3 S. L. JONES & CO.

NATHANIEL GRAY,
Undertaker,

No. 155 Sacramento St.,

(Corner of Webb street.) SAN FRANCISCO.
COFFINS, HEARSE, COACHES, ITALIAN MARBLE GRAVE STONES, and all necessary FUNERAL Requisites, at short notice.
mh27-3m

JAMES H. WINGATE, & CO.

SUCCESSOR TO WINGATE AND MASSEY.

UNDERTAKER AND GENERAL FURNISHER, No. 161 Sacramento street, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Metallic, Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, and common Coffins. Particular attention paid to preparing Bodies for shipment to the Atlantic States.
N. B.—Charges moderate. JAMES H. WINGATE,
161 Sacramento street south side,
Office of Coroner and City Sexton.
ap3

JAMES HAYES,

MANUFACTURER

AND

DEALER

IN

MARBLE

Grave Stones.

MARBLE MONUMENT.
Chimney, Table & Counter Tops.
No. 143 CALIFORNIA STREET.

Hebrew Inscriptions executed with precision, and neatness. All work done in the best manner, at the lowest prices.

HARDWARE.

J. E. SMITH & Co.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, NAILS, AND
Agricultural and Mining Implements,
FIRE PROOF BUILDING,
No. 81 Clay street, 2d door west of Front,
Jy 17.

HUGH McCONNELL,

MANUFACTURING CUTLER,

Surgical and Dental Instrument Maker,
Jackson St., between Dupont and Stockton,
SAN FRANCISCO.

H. McCONNELL, after twenty-two years practice, will make to order every variety of Instruments, Trusses, etc., etc., as follows:—
Surgical Instruments, Dental do., Veterinary Surgeons' do., Barbers' Shears, Upholsterers' Needles, and Ladies' Pinking Irons. Trusses made to order, and warranted to fit with ease and comfort to the wearer.

Steamboat and Ship Outfitters repaired at the shortest notice.
Rasoirs et ciseaux repasses et repolis avec le plus grand soin.

N. B.—Strict attention paid to Grinding and Polishing in the Jobbing Department, particularly for Barbers' Razors and Scissors.
Moderate charges for repairing. ap3

FIRE! FIRE!!

SIMS & FRASER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Fire-proof Doors and Shutters,
BANK VAULTS, GRATING, BALCONIES,
RAILING, Etc., Etc.,
OREGON STREET, NEAR FRONT,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Ship, Steamboat, Sawmill, and all kinds of Blacksmithing done to order.
ap17-3m

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

J. C. MEUSSDORFFER,

MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER

HATS AND CAPS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

No. 165 Commercial Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Below Kearny. Our Stock contains always the latest European and American styles. Any kind of Hats (both Fur and Silk) made to order.
ja30-3m

BOYSEN BROTHERS,

HATTERS,

No. 159 KEARNY STREET,

(Between Clay and Commercial.)

OFFER FOR SALE

Moleskin Hats, city made, for \$7 each.
ap3

GEORGE SUNDER,

IMPORTER OF

Hats, Caps, Hatters' Stock
Patent Shirts,
GLOVES, CANES, UMBRELLAS,
&c., &c.

NO. 84 BATTERY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

MERCER & BERNHEIM,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

STEAM

CANDY MANUFACTURERS,

No. 136 Kearny Street,
Factory..... Second street, below Minna.

HAVING COMPLETED THEIR NEW Factory, and introduced Steam into the manufacture of Refined Candies, Messrs. M. & B. would respectfully call the attention of the public and the trade to the magnificent stock of Confectionery they can now offer, manufactured expressly for the California and Pacific trade. Having been practically engaged in the business in this city the past five years, they are enabled to DEFT COMPETITION from any source.

In addition to the usual variety of Stick and Lump Candy, they can supply Confitures, Flavored equal to the French, Candy Toys, Gum drops, Imitation Fruit. In fact, every variety of Confectionery the art has produced. Messrs. M. & B. would request an inspection of their stock previous to purchasing elsewhere, as they feel satisfied they can suit the wants of the most fastidious.

MERCER & BERNHEIM,
Remember—136 Kearny street.

Washington Market Grocery.

No. 137 Washington Street.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS

well known establishment

brings to the notice of

his Customers and the Public that, besides a large store of usual articles as Teas, Coffees, and Spices, of superior qualities, wholesale and retail, he will supply, in quantities to suit, Dried Fruit and Preserves of all kinds—as Cherries, Apples, Peaches, Plums, etc.

Farina, Oatmeal and Buckwheat, fresh ground here, and other farinaceous provisions. Anchovies, Dutch Herrings, Sardines, etc.

Orders from City and Country Customers will be punctually attended to, on his known liberal terms.
may 8

JEWELRY.

ISAAC S. JOSEPHI,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer

IN

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

DIAMONDS,

GOLD PENS,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Clocks, Tools, Watch Materials,

Glasses, Fancy Goods, etc.,

No. 195 Montgomery street, corner of Jackson.
San Francisco.
jel2

M. M. LEWIS,

Pioneer

WATCH & JEWELRY STORE,

No. 183 CLAY STREET.

HAS a large and desirable assortment of every description of JEWELRY, WATCHES, of the best manufacturers, QUARTZ JEWELRY and DIAMOND WORK, at most reasonable prices.

Diamond and Specimen Work manufactured to order, by skilful workmen.

No connection with any other house

Don't forget the number, 183 CLAY STREET, between Montgomery and Kearny sts., opposite Court Block.
may28

JOHN W. TUCKER,

IMPORTER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

WATCHES, DIAMONDS,

SILVER WARE

Jewelry and Silver Plated Ware.

QUARTZ WORK OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.

Watches repaired with care and warranted.

No. 125 Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Persons in the interior desirous of purchasing articles of Jewelry, by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the purchasers as if the articles had been selected under their own supervision.
feb 8

BRAVERMAN & LEVY,

WATCH & JEWELRY MAKERS,

AND

JEWELERS,

No. 167 Washington Street,

HAVE Constantly on hand a large and

beautiful assortment of

FINE WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

QUARTZ WORK, ETC.

In Silver Ware,

We always keep a well selected stock of such articles as

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons;

silver candlesticks; silver cake baskets,

Silver waiters, silver castors, silver cups,

silver napkin rings, &c. &c.

Also—Silver Plated Ware, which we offer for sale at very low prices.
mh6tf

DENTISTRY.

A Card.

Parties who wish to save their teeth or to have new ones inserted, are politely requested to call on Dr. Burbank, second floor of the Express Building, corner of Montgomery and California streets. Dr. B. is prepared to undertake any mechanical or medical operation relative to dentistry. Teeth are extracted, plugged, and whole sets made to order. Ladies and gentlemen whom this Card may interest, may satisfy themselves as to the dental skill of Dr. B., by inspecting specimens of his work.
ap10

C. C. KNOWLES,

DENTIST,

AND

Manufacturer of Mineral Teeth,

AND

Block Work,

Office, corner Sacramento and Montgomery streets.

(Entrance same as to Vance's Daguerrean Rooms.)
San Francisco.

Business hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

DR. H. AUSTIN,

SURGEON DENTIST,

175 WASHINGTON STREET,

Next door to the Marble Building, between Montgomery and Kearny sts.

All operations skillfully performed, and at greatly reduced prices.

Advice gratis.

HOTELS, SALOONS AND BOARDING.

Goldsmith House,

No. 109 Sacramento Street,

Goldsmith & Stern,..... Proprietors.

TRAVELERS and FAMILIES will find this House one of the most desirable, as it is centrally located. The Tables are always supplied with the best the market affords, and the Proprietors will spare no pains to make it one of the most comfortable Hotels in the city.
feb13-14

NEW YORK HOTEL,

CORNER OF

Battery and Commercial Streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

BACHMAN & ELSASSER,

PROPRIETORS.

MRS. STODOLE'S

BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSE,

CENTRALLY LOCATED at Cor. Sansome

and Hallock St. will be prepared to accom-

odate Boarders and Lodgers on very reasonable

terms. Mrs. S. always keeps an excellent Table

supplied with the best the market ever affords.
may1-14

BARRY & PATTEN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

WINES AND LIQUORS,

161 and 118 Montgomery Street,

San Francisco.
mh3m

Strictly כשר

ALEXANDER'S PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE,

No. 14, Sansome street, opposite the Rasette House.

THE PROPRIETOR begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has recently opened the above House, formerly kept by Mr. Goldsmith. The House has undergone a thorough renovation, and no pains will be spared to make it a comfortable Home to those who will favor him with their patronage.

Mr. A. being too well known among the commercial community, there is no need for any comment as regards the table.
je28

כשר KOSHER MEAT.

B. ADLER,

RECOMMENDS HIS EXCELLENT AS-

sortment of Prime KOSHER MEAT. He

has always on hand a good supply of Smoked

Meats, Tongues, Sausages, etc.

As also a great quantity of these articles

prepared for Pesah.

Orders from the country will be attended to

with the greatest punctuality.

The Shoehat employed by him is Mr. Isaac

Goldsmith.
jan28

Corner of Sacramento and Dupont sts.

KOSHER MEAT.

כשר

Y. ABRAHAM,

BUTCHER.

Jackson st., between Kearny and Dupont,

In the Old Pennsylvania Engine House.

SAN FRANCISCO,

Recommends to his former Customers and the public his

assortment of PRIME MEAT.

Orders forwarded to any part of the City with the great-

est punctuality.
feb27

כשר

The MEAT properly killed and inspected is to be

had only at the following places:—

B. ADLER'S,

Y. ABRAHAM'S,

H. SELIG, 2d st.,

M. MAYMAN,

I. GOLDENSMITH.

California Butter, Cheese & Eggs.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS OPENED

THE STORE

No. 136 WASHINGTON STREET,

(Three doors above Washington Market.)

In connection with his STALL, 51 Wash-

ington market, expressly for the sale of

Fresh Butter, Eggs & cheese.

GROCERS, HOTELS, RESTAURANTS,

Steamboats, and the Trade will always

find Butter and Cheese fresh from the various

Dairies in the State. The up-country trade

can be furnished in any quantity, ready pack-

ed in 5, 10 and 25 pound packages, in cases

ready for shipment. If preferred, parties can

select the Butter fresh from the dairies and

have it packed to order.

All packages with the label of the subscri-

ber, will be guaranteed.
mh27tf

HORACE GUSHEE,

139 Washington Street, and

51 Washington Market.

